

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

GCE Mechanics M3 (6679) Paper 1

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EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
 - M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
 - A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
 - B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
 - Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes and can be used if you are using the annotation facility on ePEN.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark



June 2011 Mechanics M3 6679 Mark Scheme

| | Wark Scheme | I | |
|--------------------|--|----------|----------|
| Question Number | Scheme | Marks | |
| 1. (a) | $ \begin{array}{cccc} & & & & & \ddot{x} \\ & & & & & & \ddot{x} \\ O & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & &$ | | |
| | $0.5v\frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}x} = -0.375x^2$ | M1 | |
| | $\frac{1}{2}v^2 = -0.25x^3 + c$ | M1 A1 | |
| | t = 0, v = 2, x = 8 | | |
| | $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \times 2^2 = -0.25 \times 8^3 + c \\ c = 130 \end{vmatrix}$ | | |
| | $\therefore v^2 = -\frac{1}{2}x^3 + 260 \qquad *$ | A1 | (4) |
| (b) | $v = 5$ $x^3 = 520 - 50$ x = 7.77 | M1 A1 | (2) 6 |



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|--------------------|--|--------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Question Number | Scheme | | | Marks | |
| 2. | $V = \pi \int_0^3 (9 - x^2)^2 dx = \pi \int_0^3 (81 - 18x^2 + x^4) dx$ | | | <u>M</u> 1 | |
| | $= \pi \left[81x - 6x^3 + \frac{x^5}{5} \right]_0^3 = \frac{648}{5}\pi$ | OR: | | M1 A1 | |
| | $\int_0^3 \pi \left(9 - x^2\right)^2 x \mathrm{d}x$ | $\pi \int_0^3 (81x)^3$ | $(-18x^3 + x^5) dx$ | | |
| | $= \frac{\pi}{6} \left[-\left(9 - x^2\right)^3 \right]_0^3$ | $=\pi\bigg[\frac{81}{2}$ | $x^2 - \frac{9}{2}x^4 + \frac{1}{6}x^6 \bigg]_0^3$ | M1 A1 | |
| | $= \frac{\pi}{6} \left[0 + (9)^3 \right]$ $\begin{bmatrix} 81 & 2^2 & 9 & 24 & 1 & 26 \end{bmatrix}$ | | | M1 | |
| | $= \pi \left[\frac{81}{2} \times 3^2 - \frac{9}{2} \times 3^4 + \frac{1}{6} \times 3^6 \right]$ $= \frac{243}{2} \pi$ | $=\frac{243}{2}\pi$ | | A1 | |
| | | | | | |
| | $\overline{x} = \frac{\frac{243}{2}}{\frac{648}{2}} = \frac{15}{16}$ (accept 0.94) | | | M1 A1 | |
| | 5 | | | | (9) 9 |
| 3. | 2 | | | | |
| (a) | Mass ratio $\pi (3l)^2 \times 5l\rho = \frac{2}{3}\pi (3l)^2 \times 5l\rho$ | $(3l)^3 \times 2\rho$ | $81\pi l^3 \rho$ | | |
| | 5 | 4 | 9 | B1 | |
| | Mass ratio $\pi (3l)^2 \times 5l\rho = \frac{2}{3}\pi (3l)^2 \times 5l\rho$ 5 Dist. from O | $-\frac{3}{8} \times 3l$ | \overline{x} | B1 | |
| | Moments equation: | 1 1 | | | |
| | $5 \times \frac{5}{2}l - 4 \times \frac{9}{8}l = 9\overline{x}$ | | | M1 A1 ft | |
| | $\overline{x} = \frac{8}{9}l$ | | | A1 | |
| | | | | | (5) |
| | | | | | |
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| Question Number |
|--------------------|
| Number (b) |
| |



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| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| 4. (a) | A A A A A A A A A A A A A | B1 M1 A1 M1 A1=A1 A1 (8) |
| (b) | $T_b = \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{5} T_a - mg \right)$ | M1 |
| | $T_b = \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{5} T_a - mg \right)$ $= \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{7} m \left(3a\omega^2 + g \right) - mg \right)$ $= \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{7} m \left(4a\omega^2 - g \right) \text{oe}$ | A1 (2) |



| Question | | learning, chang | ging tiv |
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| Number | Scheme | Marks | |
| (c) | $T_b \geqslant 0 \Rightarrow 4a\omega^2 \geqslant g$ | M1 | |
| | $\omega^2 \geqslant \frac{g}{4a}$ $\omega \geqslant \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{g}{a}} *$ | | |
| | $\frac{4a}{1\sqrt{a}}$ | | |
| | $\omega \geqslant \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{8}{a}} *$ | A1 | |
| | (Allow strict inequalities in (c).) | | (2) |
| | | | (2) |
| | | | 12 |
| 5. (a) | | | |
| (4) | $rac{R}{A}$ | | |
| | $Q \longleftarrow \frac{\frac{7}{6}l}{A}$ | | |
| | $O \xrightarrow{T} \stackrel{f}{\longrightarrow} F$ | | |
| | ₩ mg | | |
| | | | |
| | $T = \frac{3mg}{l} \left(\frac{1}{6}l\right) = \frac{1}{2}mg$ | B1 | |
| | | | |
| | $R(\uparrow) R = mg$ $R(\rightarrow) F = T = \frac{1}{2}mg$ | M 1 | |
| | $F\leqslant \mu R$ | | |
| | $\frac{1}{2}mg \leqslant \mu mg$ $\mu \geqslant \frac{1}{2} *$ | M 1 | |
| | 2 1 | | |
| | $\mu \geqslant \frac{1}{2}$ * | A1 | |
| (b) | | | (4) |
| (b) | $1 3ma(1)^2 3mal$ | | |
| | E.P.E. lost = $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3mg}{l} \left(\frac{1}{2}l\right)^2 = \frac{3mgl}{8}$ | B1 | |
| | Work done by friction $=\frac{1}{2}mg\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)$ | D1 | |
| | work done by $\frac{1}{2}mg\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ | B1 | |
| | $\frac{3mgl}{8} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}mg\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)$ | M1 A1ft | |
| | | | |
| | $v^2 = \frac{gt}{4}$ | | |
| | $v^{2} = \frac{gl}{4}$ $v = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{gl}$ | | |
| | 2 108 | A1 | |
| | | AI | |
| | | | |
| | | | (5) |



| | advancin | g learning, changir | ng liv |
|--------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| Question Number | Scheme | Marks | |
| (c) | $\frac{3mgl}{8} = \frac{1}{2}mgx$ | M1 A1 ft | |
| | $x = \frac{3l}{4}$ | A1 | |
| | 4 | (| (3) |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | = | 12 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 6. (a) | $V \leftarrow B$ $mg + T_B$ $A \uparrow_3 \sqrt{(ag)}$ | | |
| | Energy to B: $ \frac{1}{2}m(3\sqrt{ag})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times mV^2 = mag $ $ 9ag - V^2 = 2ag $ $ V^2 = 7ag $ | M1 A1 | |
| | NL2 along radius at <i>B</i> : | | |
| | $T_B + mg = m\frac{V^2}{a}$ | M1 A1 | |
| | $T_B + mg = 7mg$ | M1 | |
| | $T_B = 6mg$ $T_B > 0 \Rightarrow \text{ particle reaches } B$ | A1 | |
| | | (| (6) |



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|--------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| Question Number | Scheme | Marks | |
| (b) | Energy to C: $\frac{1}{2} \times mU^2 - \frac{1}{2}m(3\sqrt{ag})^2 = mag$ | M1 | |
| | $U^2 = 2ag + 9ag$ $U = \sqrt{11ga}$ | A1 | (2) |
| (c) | Energy from C to rest: $ \frac{1}{2} \times m \times \left(\frac{5}{12} \sqrt{11 ag}\right)^2 = mga(1 - \cos \theta) $ $ \frac{25}{144} \times 11 ag = 2ga(1 - \cos \theta) $ $ \cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left(2 - \frac{25 \times 11}{144}\right) $ $ \theta = 87.4 $ $ \theta = 87^{\circ} \text{ (or 1.5 rad) or better} $ | M1 A1 A1 | (4) 12 |



| Question | Scheme | Marks | 88 |
|------------|--|----------|------------------|
| Number 7. | | | |
| (a) | $A \xrightarrow{T_a} \xrightarrow{T_b} B$ $Total extn. = 0.6$ $T_b = \frac{\lambda \times ext}{l} = \frac{2(0.3 - x)}{0.7} = \frac{2}{7}(3 - 10x) *$ | M1 A1 | |
| | 2(1102) (2 | | (2) |
| (b) | $T_a = \frac{2(x+0.3)}{0.7} \left(=\frac{2}{7}(10x+3)\right)$ | B1 | |
| | | | (1) |
| (c) | $T_b - T_a = 0.5\ddot{x}$ | | |
| | $\left \frac{2}{7} (3-10x) - \frac{2}{7} (10x+3) = 0.5\ddot{x} \right $ | M1 A1 ft | |
| | $2 \times \left(-\frac{20x}{7}\right) = 0.5\ddot{x}$ | | |
| | $\ddot{x} = -\frac{40}{7 \times 0.5} x$ | M1 A1 | |
| | (∴ S.H.M.) | | |
| | Period = $\frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{7 \times 0.5}{40}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{7}{80}}$ * | M1 A1 | (6) |
| (3) | 80 | | (6) |
| (d) | $v_{\text{max}} = a\omega = 0.2\sqrt{\frac{80}{7}}$ o.e. or a.w.r.t. 0.68 m s ⁻¹ | M1 A1 | |
| (-) | $r = a \cos \omega t = 0.2 \cos \left(\frac{80}{100} \right)$ | N/I | (2) |
| (e) | $x = a\cos\omega t = 0.2\cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{80}{7}}t\right)$ | M1 | |
| | $x = -0.1 \qquad -\frac{0.1}{0.2} = \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{80}{7}}t\right)$ | A1 | |
| | $t = \sqrt{\frac{7}{80}} \cos^{-1} \left(-0.5 \right)$ | | |
| | $t = \sqrt{\frac{7}{80}} \times \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{\pi}{3} \sqrt{\frac{7}{20}}$ o.e. (accept a.w.r.t. 0.62) s | M1 A1 | |
| | , 33 3 1 2 3 | | (4) 15 |

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